

Application Note: AN10056

# How to serialize output data to a port

This application note is a short how-to on programming/using the xTIMEcomposer tools. It shows how to serialize output data to a port.

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## Required tools and libraries

This application note is based on the following components:

- xTIMEcomposer Tools - Version 14.0.0

## Required hardware

Programming how-tos are generally not specific to any particular hardware and can usually run on all XMOS devices. See the contents of the note for full details.

## 1 How to serialize output data to a port

A clocked port can serialize data, reducing the number of instructions required to perform an output. This example outputs a 32-bit value onto 8 pins, using a clock to determine for how long each 8-bit value is driven.

The following declares the port outP to drive 8 pins from a 32-bit shift register. The type port:32 specifies the number of bits that are transferred in each output operation (the transfer width). The initialization XS1\_PORT\_8A specifies the number of physical pins connected to the port (the port width).

```
out buffered port:32 outP = XS1_PORT_8A;
```

By offloading the serialization to the port, the processor has only to output once every 4 clock periods. On each falling edge of the clock, the least significant 8 bits of the shift register are driven on the pins; the shift register is then right-shifted by 8 bits.

```
unsigned int x = 0xAA00FFFF;
configure_clock_src(clk, inClock);
configure_out_port(outP, clk, 0);
start_clock(clk);
while (1) {
    outP <: x;
    x = x + 1;
}
```